## MINOR MENTION.

Scientific optician, Wollman, 409 B'way.
"For Fair Virginia" will be seen at Do-hany's theater Monday, March 22. Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Hardy of Seventh Indian Creek Eclipses All Its Performances evenue are rejoicing in the birth of a daugh-

Pilgrim Sisters academy No. 1 will meet t 7:30 p. m. in its rooms in the Brown building. The Golden Rule circle of King's Daugh

ters will give an entertainment at the school for the deaf Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. A marriage license was issued yesterday to Elit O. Koetter, aged 29, and Frederika Sorenson, aged 27, both of this city. Wanted—A man with general acquaintance in Council Bluffs, to canvass for a well known Omaha establishment. State experience and references. Address, F 54, Omaha

Bee, Omaha. is familiar, but I can't place

P said McKinley to an aspiring office er. Everybody, however, can be supplied fine laundry work at the unexcelled 'Eagle." 724 Broadway. All members of the Eastern Star of Coun

cil Bluffs are invited to visit Omaha Chapter lodge Saturday evening. The delegation lodge Saturday evening. The delegation will take a car at 7:30 at the corner of Broadway and Pearl streets.

Contagious diseases were reported yester-day as follows: Diphtheretic croup, Dalsy Allen, 205 North Eighth street; measles, child of Bates family, Tenth avenue and Sixteenth street; Charles Green, East Broadway; Edna C. Wilson, South First street; E. Hammermeister, 417 East Washington DeLong's Girls' Industrial school will

meet this afternoon. Rev. Mr. Barnes of the First Congregational church will address pupils, and several well known singers will sing. During the evening a musical entertainment will be given in the building. One of the features will be a lecture on Armenia, illustrated by magic lantern B. S. Dawson, an old soldier who has been

a familiar figure in the city for many years and always foremost in public affairs when hard work was demanded, has become to-tally blind from the result of disabilities contracted during his life in the federal army. He has not been able to do any work for nearly a year The last employment he had was as janitor at the federal building

C. B. Viavi company, female remedy. Medconsultation free Wednesday. book furnished. 326-327-328 Merriam block. N. Y. Plumbing company. Tel. 250.

Farm Lonns. For lowest rates on good farm loans call at the office of D. W. Otis, No. 133 Pearl street, Council Bluffs, Money ready and loans closed without delay.

Wanted, choice farm loans in Iowa and Eastern (well east) Nebraska. L. W. Tulleys, Council Bluffe, la.

A couch this week \$4.50 at Durfee Furniture Co., 205 and 207 Broadway. HE'S A CITIZEN OF ILLINOIS.

Case of R. G. Shields Considered in the Federal Court.

It is not often that a man has to go into court to ascertain whether he is a citizen of Iowa or Illinois. It required Judge Woolson, a number of attorneys and a jury in the federal court yesterday several hours to ascertain this important fact for R. G. Shields. Shields has a suft in court against tained by being forcibly ejected from the Burlington depot at Pacific Junction by the station agent. The suit was brought in the Mills county district court, and was taken up BIG RUSH TO FILE PETITIONS. to the federal court on the constitutional; grounds that the plaintiff is a citizen of Iowa Attorneys Preparing for the Spring and the defendant a corporation under the laws of Illinois. When the case was called for hearing yesterday, the attorney for the plaintiff asked to have the case remanded on the grounds that Shields was not a citizen of suits in the March term of the district court lowa, but of Illinois. The arguments were submitted without materially clearing up the obscurity of Mr. Shields' citizenship, and Judge Woolson ordered a jury to be impaneled and the evidence on both sides subpaneled and the evidence on both sides sub-This was done, and the case given to the jury at noon. During the afternoon a verdict was returned sustaining the contention of the plaintiff that he was a citizen of Illinois. Judge Woolson thereupon ordered the case back to the Mills county court for trial.

To Collect an Accident Policy. Among the great batch of new suits filed in the district court yesterday was an action commerced against the Travelers' Protective association by Oscar J. Martin of this city, to collect an indemnity on an accident policy held by him. Martin alleges that while discharging his duty as a clerk in store he met with a severe accident, which totally disabled him for a period of fifty-five By the conditions of his policy the any was obligated to pay him \$20 a week for this time, and by another clau in the contract he was entitled to receive from the company. The clause provided against a permanent injury which the insured claimed to have sustained, and he consequently brings suit for both claims amounting to \$1,156.75. The petition al-leges that the company has refused to take any notice of his claim and the proofs of in-SENATE PASSES REVENUE BILL.

Goes Through with a Vote of Thirty-Six to Seven.

DES MOINES, March 19 .- (Special Telegram.)-The senate passed the revenue bill by a vote of 36 yeas, 7 nays, and 7 absent or not voting. The measure will be sent at once to the house, where it will require probably two weeks for consideration. The bills relating to the evidence and procedure in courts of original jurisdiction were taken up in the senate. The house had amended all of them and in each the senate concurred some and refused to concur in others of the house amendments. The house bill relating to horticultural societies passed and the senate bill on the agricultural society

The house held a quiet session after the sensations of the earlier part of the week. The reading of the insurance bill was completed and it was made a special order on passage for next Wednesday. The soldiers' home bill was amended to reduce the dors home bill was amended to reduce the compensation from \$6 to \$4 a day and 5 cente a mile mileage. The College for the Blind measure was passed with amendments, which provide that the treasurer must be a resident of the county in which it is located, and that no member of the board of trustees shall hold the position.

of trustees shall nold the position. Real Estate Transfers. The following transfers were filed yester-

day in the title and loan office of J. W. Squire, 101 Pearl street: Nels J. Swanson and wife to Anna Pas-chal, 15 acres in ne 14 ne 14 5-74-43, Sheriff to Charles Gregory, part of lot

I in 13-75-44, s d.

B. Walker and wife to William Betty, lot 23, block 34, Fleming & Davis' add q c d. 250

Three transfers, total.....\$1,75

District Court Prisoner Sentenced. Judge Thornell yesterday imposed sentence upon Bob Scott, charged with assault with intent to kill Richard O'Brien, and Van Ross, the negro, who stole an arm full of bolts of calico from the Boston store. Both pleaded guilty. Scott was sent to the pen-itentiary for three years, and Van Ross to the county jail for ninety days. Both have been in jail over three months.

The directors of the Grape Growers' and Shippers' association will hold a meeting this afternoon for the purpose of selecting a new manager to take charge of their ship ping and selling business this season. There are a number of candidates. The position is

worth about \$1,000 a year.

NEW HIGH WATER RECORD

OVERFLOWS PORTIONS OF THE CITY

onsiderable Damage Done to Sewers on Down Town Streets-Man and Wife Rescued from Window of Their Home.

The tremendous flood of water that poured down Indian creek Thursday night made a new record for the creek in recent years. The rain storm that caused the trouble lasted only a short time between 10 and 11 o'clock, and within the city limits it was not more than an ordinary spring shower, but outside of the city it had the proportions of a cloudburst. The creek did not begin to rise much until midnight, and then the flood was confined to the channel in the upper end of town. At Benton street the water rose nearly two feet higher than at any time last year, when the creek overflowed Broadway and deposited a thick coating of mud on the pavements for several blocks on each side of the Northwestern railway tracks. Since the last flood a year ago the bed of the creek has been deepened and enlarged from Eighth street down, and the water that was carried in the channel before the banks overflowed was almost as great in quantity as that which produced the floods then. Between 12 and 1 o'clock the current began to creep over the banks at the Northwestern yards, and within a short time the yards were flooded and a swift current was sweeping around the depot. The rise of the water was very rapid, and within a very short time had reached such a depth on the street car tracks that the motor trains between Council Bluffs and Omaha could not get through it. The water was a foot or two deep on the tracks twice last year, but the Omaha motor trains did this has been increased to \$30 a month. A further increase to the limit—\$72 a month— is expected soon by his friends. the transfer the creek was nearly a mile The street car and railway Health were covered and the country was sub-i block. merged by a deep sheet of water. Several midnight trains were unable to leave the

The raising of the grade in that portion of the city has placed all of the better class of residences beyond the flood line, and no damage was done, except by the filling of a number of cellars. One family, consisting of an old man and his aged wife, was found at 2 c'clock in an extremely unpleasant situation. They were living in a small house located in one of the unfilled lots. When they were awakened by the roaring of the flood the water was invad-ing the house. When rescued, there was six feet of swiftly-running water sweeping around their humble cottage. They were found standing on their bed, which was covered by water, and were taken out of

The sewer system in the lower part of the city received another severe straining by back water pressure. Several bad breaks were found yesterday in the Thirteenth and Nineteenth street sewers. At Fifth avenue the big sewer was badly washed out and damaged. The whole part of the town in the vicinity of the creek, from Eighth the Burlington Rallway company, in which he asks a judgment for \$17,500, in satisfaction for damages he is alleged to have sustion for damages he is alleged to have sustined by being forcibly ejected from the the creek from Eighth street west was subtained by being forcibly ejected from the the creek from Eighth street west was subtained by none of them was damaged.

Term of the District Court. The last day but one upon which petiis already very heavy, and it was further increased yesterday by the addition of

twenty-odd new cases. The Citizens' State bank of this city brings suit against Benton & Underwood, buyers, to compel them to make good a chattel mortgage which the bank held upon bunch of cattle supposed to be owned by A. Brown, sr., of Monona county, and which Brown had mortgaged to the bank to secure a loan of \$3,438. The plaintiff alleges that Benton and the Underwoods got possession of these cattle and converted them

to their own use. Judgment for \$3,500 is The Council Bluffs Cornice and Roofing works sued P. H. Wind for balance of \$87.80 due for work and material furnished on con-tract for repairing the roof of the Iowa School for the Deaf main building.

W. S. Marshall begins foreclosure pro-ceeding against Lars Peter Larson for \$1,400, interest and attorney's fees.
Jerome Todd begins an action against Fannie I. Todd to recover two notes aggregating about \$700 which he alleges were

obtained by threats and intimidation. The court is appealed to to sever the matri-monial bonds in several cases, making a round dozen of applications for this sort of relief at the March term. Esther McMillan alleges that she was married to Samuel McMillan in Cheyenne, September 6, 1885, and that she was able to live with him until April 22, 1887, although during the time he treated her in the most cruel and inhuman manner. At that time he suddenly disappeared, and she has never since been able

peared, and she has never since been able to hear anything from him.

H. H. Getchell tells the court a brief story of his unhappy experience with his wife, Lou, whom he married in Polk county, October 1, He was the best of husbands and she was the worst of wives, and finally put the climax upon all of her shortcomings by

Stella McGinnis alleges that she married Elia McGinnis alleges that she married Elmer McGinnis in this city, March 17, 1895, and got along with him until January 20 of the present year, when he wound up a long drunken debauch by beating her and de-Jesse Looman presents a brief and business

petition in support of his claim for matrimo-nial freedom. He alleges that he married Phoebe Bickford in Council Bluffs on August Phoebe Bickford in Council Bluts of Assaults and Silverware.

31, 1895. Within a short time thereafter he discovered that she already had one husband living, from whom she neglected to get a stread, or sewing silks, or perfumery, and various other things, for the better and

J. W. Squire brings a number of suits.

William Weston brings a suit against Day raced back so that at least a part of their decembers of news. He alleges that for five years prior to September, 1895, they were employed by him in leasing and collecting rents on certain dwelling houses in this city owned by him and at about that time he demanded an accounting from them and the turning over of glass being cemented together, and the

pointed as Weston's guardian.

D. C. Redman brings a damage sult against Fremont West, claiming \$3,000. The cause of action is based upon an alleged assault made by West upon the plaintiff. December 11, 1895, when West struck him on the head with an iron cable, and hurt him so badly that he has not yet recovered.

A large number of foreclosure suits were filed.

The attorney for Warder, Bushnell & Co.,

The attorney for Warder, Bushnell & Co., who sued Michael Fox for the value of a zelf-binding reaper, \$120, made a motion for a rehearing yesterday. In support of the motion affidavits were submitted by Mr. Sims, alleging that he had learned since the trial what he intimated and believed at the time, that the McCormick Harvester ompany was backing Fox.

Motion for a new trial in the case of D. V. Archer against Paul G. Schneider was made and overruled. The judgment ob-tained against Schneider, however, was changed from \$511 to \$562, an error having een made in addition equal to the differ-

Decre, Wells & Co. filed their appeal to the supreme court in the case brought against them by Kimball Bros. The final report of the receiver in the case of the Belknap Savings bank against W. A. Mynster et al was approved and the eceiver discharged.
The final report of the receiver of each of

the cases of the Nashua Trust company, trustee, against B. M. Wells, M. C. Patrick and W. B. Mack, was approved and receiver

Charges of Jury Bribing Stir Up Something of a Sensation There were symptoms of serious trouble n the district court yesterday morning that

promised some pugilistic encounters between attorneys and a witness and the docketing of several cases of contempt by Judge Thornell. The trouble arose during the proceedings brought by the attorney for J. R. Snyder

to secure a new trial of the suit brought against him by Jerome Jeffries, when a verdict of \$900 was obtained by the plaintiff for the sale of a lot of household goods stored in Snyder's warehouse. One of the allegations of the defendant was that the jury had been tampered with, and the attorney was given until yesterday morning to sustain his charge.

Yesterday morning, the defendant called one of the jurors, Gus Bergman, an old citizen of Council Bluffs, and questioned him as to his conduct as a juror and the manner in which the jury arrived at its verdict. The investigation soon disclosed that there was nothing in the juror's evilence to warrant proceeding with the examination, but the attorney persisted in his line of examination, and repeatedly asked Bergman if he had received any money for rendering a verdict as he did, or to buy liquor for himself or other jurors; or if he had drank any intoxicants with the ttorneys for the plaintiff; or if he had taken any liquor into the jury room with him. He answered directly and positively that there was not a shadow of truth in a single one of the instructions.
Finley Burke, attorney for the plaintiff.

was about as indignant as Bergman, and got a few vitriolic objections to the line of examination in the record. Judge Thornell is reticient in talking about the incident, as this testimony is only a part of the motion, which embraces a numer of propositions of law he has taken unde advisement and has not passed upon, but it is understood that he privately expressed his regret that he was unable to protect the ror, and surprise that such a line of amination should be entered upon with apparently nothing else on which it was grounded, and his belief that Bergman had done what his sense of duty as a juryman said was right. No other witness was pro-

duced.

BRADLEY. The Blue Front Grocer. Sells groceries, hardware, tinware, etc., cheaper than any house in the city, taking

......25e Everything in the grocery and hardware

For Rent or Sale-Newly furnished flat. modern conveniences, best location; answer quick; parties leaving city. Address "L,"

Sues for Heavy Damages. A sult was brought in the district court vesterday by Mrs. Emma Holman against the Omaha & Council Bluffs Bridge and Railway company to recover \$10,000 damages for alleged injuries received while attempt-ing to get aboard one of the company's trains at Avenue A and Twenty-eighth street, on May 16, 1894. The story told in the petition filed yesterday is to the effect that Mrs Holman was in the act of stepping aboard the train and had one foot on the step and the other on the ground when the car started and she was thrown violently against the railing and the steps. She alleges that the

injuries were severe, and that the accident was due wholly to the carelessness of the company's employes. ABOUT SHOWCASES.

Used in Many Businesses, Sold in Large Numbers and Exported. The largest consumers of show cases are the cigar dealers, and next to them the druggists. Dry goods dealers use more showcases now than ever before, and large numbers of showcases are used for men's furnishing goods and for millinery, and many are used by hatters, especially for outside display. In some cities outside show cases are not permitted, but in many cities they

are, and large numbers of showcases for

outdoor diplay are sold, not only for hatters, but for florists and for dealers in many other There is hardly a business in which indoor showcases are not used more or less, says the New York Sun. Confectioners use many showcases; many are used in bakeries, and they are used in grocery stores. Many are used in notion stores as well as in toy shops. They are commonly used in hardware stores for the display of the finer cutlery. Undertakers use them to show the costly modern burial coffins. Stationers use show

cases; so do jewellers for the diplay of jew

elry and silverware. more convenient display of their own goods. Showcases were never so cheap as now; J. W. Squire brings a number of \$630. Showcases were never so chean as one is against J. Armstrong to recover \$630, and another against Perley P. Morris to enforce payment of \$425. Showcases were never so handsome force payment of \$425. force payment of \$425.

J. N. Casady, jr., sues the Manchester Insurance company to recover \$120, which he alleges the company secured from him by false pretenses. His father, J. N. Casady, the local count of the country of the cou alleges the company secured from him by false pretenses. His father, J. N. Casady, was the local agent of the company, and at the time of his sudden departure from the city he was indebted to the company to the amount of \$121. Upon the promise that the company would appoint him agent in place of his father, young Casady paid this amount. When the company got the money, another agent was appointed.

Jerome Todd files a petition in which he makes sensational charges against Fannie i. Todd. He alleges that on January 15, 1897, he was forced to give two notes, one for \$590 and the other for \$170, and a mortgage upon a valuable tract of farm land, which he owned exclusively. Jerome alleges that he was in durance at that time, and that Fannie conspired with one C. M. Crippin and by threats and intimidations succeeded in forcing him to execute the notes and mortgage.

The cold-style blowcases with the front panel of fonts, and cases with the front panel of the case with the fonts, and cases with the fronts, and cases with the fronts, and cases with the fronts, and cases with the fonts, and threats and intimidations succeeded in forcing him to execute the notes and mortgage. The only consideration he received was the assurance that they would put into execution the threats to do him great injury. He asks the court to declare the notes and mortgage void.

William Weston brings a suit against Day

case being further secured by a steel rod BAR PRIZE FIGHT PICTURES

the corners. The newer styles of cigar cases have mois of all the papers and moneys in their possession to another attorney, but that they continued to exercise their rights and even went so far as to endeayor to have Day appointed as Weston's guardian.

D. C. Redman brings a days.

side showcasce are frequently provided with appliances for electric illumination. There are made folding showcases; which can be folded up to occupy less space in

shipment, and there are made showcases that can be knocked down, like furniture, so as to take less space in shipment. The greater number of cases, however, are shipped completely set up. Many American showcases are exported. We send showcases to the West Indies, to

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE South Omaha News.

and to South Africa and to Europe.

The service of the se Little interest was manifest in the republican primaries which were held yesterday and as a result a very light vote was cast. There was no opposition to any of the candidates for members of the city council. In the Second and Third wards there was a LIVELY IN DISTRICT COURT. little rivalry in the matter of member of the Board of Education, but not enough to

call forth a heavy vote, In the First ward A. R. Kelly was nominated for councilman, the delegates to the convention being: J. O. Bastman, J. D. Jones, N. D. Mann, A. L. Lott, R. Gilchrist, A. H. Merrill and William Maberry. This delegation is not pledged to any one for mem-ber of the Board of Education.

In the Second ward P. J. Barrett was hosen candidate for councilman without any opposition. Two sets of delegates for school rector were in the race, but failed to liven p matters to any perceptible extent. One delegation was solid for Nels Nelson for member of the Board of Education and the other for Nels Turnquist. A count of the votes showed that the Turnquist faction won. The delegates are: Frank Tlustus, Joseph Dworak, Charles Fisher, Gus Olsen, Charley

Lind, P. A. Backhus, C. J. Knutson. Over in the Third ward the three candidates for member of the Board of Education got together and selected delegates as fol-John Innes, John Friedt, John Mc-Intyre, Ed Brosnihau, J. F. Schultz, H. J. Schupp and John Yates. The three candidates are Walter Slate, J. C. Rowley and William Sherman. Patrick Traynor was the choice

of the primaries for councilman.

August Miller was a candidate for coun llman in the Fourth ward, but it is undertood that the convention today will endorse Sam Mort and will not permit Miller to run unless he does so by petition. This ward has no candidate for member of the Board of Education, consequently the delegation selected will go into the convention unpledged. The delegates are: F. Widoc, W. Hynek, James Andersen, O. J. Allen, Lou Groves, O. F. Steele and John Sawyer. The convention will be held at 2:30 o'clock

this afternoon at Pivonka's hall, Twenty

Gas Franchise Rumor. According to a rumor which was affoat or the streets yesterday afternoon an effor will be made to railroad a gas franchise through the city council at the meeting Monday night. The same rumor connects the names of several ex-city officials and number now holding office with the scheme. Further it is whispered that the plan is to obtain the franchise and then sell it to the electric light company. W. N. Babcock, vice president of the local electric light company, was in the city for a few moments yesterday morning before leaving for Cali-fornia, and was asked about the deal. He vaid that he had heard reports to the effect that a gas franchise was on tap and that as far as he could learn the scheme originated with some of the city officials who expected day of Bryan's nomination at the Collseum to receive a handsome bonus from the elec- in Chicago, the Western Union carried 384,tinuing Mr. Babcock said that as far as he was concerned the light company would not be bled and would refuse to pay a cent for such a franchise, neither would he be willing to give up any money for the purpose of preventing the passage of the ordinance

granting the franchise. Another report was to the effect that the Omaha Gas company was behind the deal. Investigation failed to connect the Omaha Gas company with the scheme, althoug such a thing is possible. Several of the officials and ex-officials supposed to be nected with the deal were interrogated on the

subject, but all denied any knowledge of the plans mentioned, The scheme is the outcome of the action declaring the existing contract with the elec-tric light company invalid. Hyland brought up the question of street lights and the exonse attached, and a resolution went through astructing the city attorney to examine the contract to see if there was any locohole by which the city might abrogate it. After considering the matter for a month or more. Attorney Montgomery reported that in opinion the contract was invalid. He b this conclusion upon the records which show that on the night of July 15, 1895, the rules were suspended by the council and ordinances 640, 641 and 642 were passed. The records do not show that a separate vote was taken on each of the ordinances. One of these ordinances, 642, was the five years' contracwith the light company.

Joe Maly, who was city clerk at the time, says that a separate voto was taken on each ordinance. In writing up the minutes he had abbreviated the record, not knowing that it made any difference. Ed Johnston was mayor at that time, and he remembers distinctly that a separate vote was taken on each of the ordinances at the meeting in

Several of the councilmen also make the same statement.

As soon as the council had adopted the report of the city attorney, in regard to the validity of the contract, officials of the light company prepared to make a fight should any teps be taken to abrogate the contract. The courts will be appealed to and members of the 1895 council, as well as the mayor and broke out into vociferous applause just after sassing the ordinance.

Mayor Ensor admitted yesterday afternoon that he had heard something about the pro-

Populist City Convention. The populists of the city will hold a mass

posed franchise, but could throw no light on

meeting at Pivonka's hall, Twenty-fourth and L streets, tonight, for the purpose of placing in nomination a ticket for the city election. It is understood that four councilmen and three members of the Board of Education will be nominated. There was some talk of attempting to compromise with the reput confer with republican leaders and candidates to see what could be done in the premises This committee will most fikely make a report to the mass meeting tonight.

Magie City Gossip. F. A. Cameron of Burt county was a vis tor at the exchange yesterday. D. A. Ireland, Pierce, Utah, was here yeswith a shipment of cattle. A. J. White, one of Lyons' enterprising

armers, is in the city or business A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. lichael Donovan, Twenty-second and N streets. James P. Lott, a brother of Colonel A. L. Lott of this city, has just been appointed live tock commissioner for the state of Illinois. The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Anderson, Porty-second and J streets, died resterday, and will be burled Sunday after-

The increase in sheep receipts for this year as compared with 1896, reached 100,000 yesterday. This will give some idea of the rapid growth of this market in this branch of the A special meeting of the Municipal leagu

has been called for this evening at the Geary building. Twenty-fourth and M streets, for the purpose of taking some action on the

Chicago Man Fathers a Measure with that End in View.

IN THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE

Almed at Kinetoscope Reproductions of the Late Corbett and Fitzsimmons Contest\_Provides Heavy Penalties.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 19.—Representative W. O. Lamonte of Chicago today introduced a bill in the legislature with an emergency clause attached which will prohibit, if it becomes a law, the reproduction of prize fights and fixes a severe penal; y for violation of it. We have a head in SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 19 .- Representviolation of it. Mr. Lamonte has had in mind such a measure ever since it was announced by the press that the Corbett and Fitzsimmons fight would be reproduced in Mexico, Central America and South America bill prohibits the exhibition not only of ing accounts of prize fights. pictures of prize fights but any other act prohibited in the criminal code of this state. The bill in full is as follows:

Whereas. There has recently been a most brutal, demoralizing and disgusting prize light at Carson City, Nev., between two men of the name of Corbett and Flizsimmons,

of the name of Corbett and Fitsenhalds, and,
and,
Whereas, Such exhibitions are prohibited by the criminal code in this state, and,
Whereas, Such exhibitions have a tendency to degrade, corrupt and injure the morals of the citizens of this state, and more especially the morals of the young men and the children of the state;
Whereas, Certain persons have by means of electricity, scientificatily applied, taken photographs of the said prize fight, which will present the fight on canvas in all its disgusting, revolting and demoralizing details, and,

REPORTS OF THE LATE CONTEST Over One Million Words Were Tele

graphed from Carson. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The remark. 'e interest manifested by the public in the big contest at Carson City is fairly demonstrated by the following figures show ing the number of words received by telegraph by the various newspapers in this country from the 5th of March until the 18th inclusive: During the Republican National convention at St. Louis, the Western Union Telegraph company transmitted 422,-000 words over its wires on the day that 17, 380,000 words were transmitted. On the 16th, the day before the fight, 125,000 words and on the 19th, 76,000 words. From the 5th to the 14th, inclusive, 455,155 word passed over the Western Union wires from Carson City, thus showing that from the time the interest in this event first centered at Carson City the press of this country received a total of 1,036,155 words of prize fight news by telegraph from that city.

FITZ SAYS HE WILL RETIRE.

Does it in Obedience to a Request from His Wife. CARSON, Nev., March 19.-Robert Fitzsimmons, champion of the world, left this taken by the council a few weeks since in evening from the scenes of the battle ground on which he received his laurels of superiority. He walked down the street under thick flakes of snow and was greeted fron every quarter, acknowledging all tributes with a bow. His gait was spry and agile and his countenance was free from marks of the battle, with the exception of his lower lip, and that is healing rapidly. Mrs Fitzsimmons was driven to the depot later Husband and wife sat in a corner of the waiting room alone awaiting the arrival of the train. Today Fitzsimmons reiterated his intention of leaving the ring.

'I do this," he said, "in compliance with a request made by my wife before I met Corbett on Wednesday last.' Fitzsimmons' destination is San Francisco where he will appear in the Mechanics' pavilion tomorrow night, and that will be his last appearance in public. He will not even give posing or sparring exhibitions in the future.

IS ANXIOUS FOR ANOTHER TRIAL Corbett Says that is the Ambition of

His Life. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.- Last evening Corbett went with his wife, his mother There was more or less of a demonstration from time to time by the audience, which will testify as to the manner of the curtain went down on Barney Fagan's ordinance.

stage to respond to the popular clamor to see and hear him. "Ladies and gentlemen," Corbett began, "I thank you kindly for this greeting. I can assure you that nobody knows how badly I feel tonight. All I want is to say that Wednesday when I stepped into the ring I was in perfect condition. Mr. Fitzsimmons is a wonderful puglist and whipped me fairly and squarely. All that I ask from the American people is to let me have one more chance with Fitzsimmons." Then the cheering and applause broke out

again and continued until after he had regained his seat. GREEN ANXIOUS FOR A GO AT RYAN Will Commence Training After a

Short Rest. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.-George Green and his trainer, Bob McArthur, returned from Carson with Dal Hawkins last night. Green was met by quite a crowd at

"I am especially pleased with my victory." he said, "because it insures the match with Tommy Ryan. Articles to fight him for the welterweight championship and purse at Syracuse April 27 have already been made and the match announced. It was condi-tioned on the outcome of Wednesday's fight with Smith. If I had lost that the Syracus people would have very little use for me. Green will remain here only long enough to get a rest, and will then depart for Syracuse to begin training.

Four L. A. W. Committees. NEW YORK, March 19.-The American Wheelman announces the appointment of ommittees for the League of American Wheelmen by President Potter as follows: Highway Improvement-Otto Dorner, Milwaukee, chairman; A. B. Choate, Minneapolis; Perry H. Richardson, Portland, Me. N. B. Worrail, Philadelphia; Wallace Showers, Indianapolis; W. C. Connelly, Danville, Ill.; G. Richmond Parsons, Providence R. I. Rights and Privileges—W. S. Jenkins, Buffalo, chairman; H. W. Knight, Newark, N. J.; Conway W. Sams, Baltimore.

Rules and Regulations—E. Kostomiseky, Oskalocsa, Ia., chairman; C. C. Monahan, Santa Anna, Cal.; E. I. Halstead, Tacoma,

Transportation-D. D. Ayers, Chicago chairman; H. C. Nickerson, Boston; Robert Helm, St. Louis. G. W. Dorntree of Boston has been added to the racing board.

Gideon Quits n Loser. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.-Dave Gideon the New York turfman, returned home last night by way of Los Angeles and New

Opposed to Prize Fights. CASTILE, N. Y., March 19,-Miss Frances

Willard is in comunication with the leading this manner. During the last three or four women engaged in philanthrophy and reform. days he has received a large number of asking if there cannot be a combination of letters from business men and fathers ad- influence whereby women throughout the vocating the passage of such a bill. The country will agree to give their patronage only to the newspapers that avoid furnish-

THE GREECE OF TODAY.

Tribute to the Descendants of the Oldest Civilization. Learn to speak and read modern Greek! This is the essence, the gist of the article on modern Greece which was the last from the pen of the beloved Blackie of Edinburgh. It appears in the current "Forum" at a timely moment. The hearty Scotsman who so much loved Greece, says the Boston Transcript, speaks there with all the human warmth of his life-long enthusiasm. And it starts the Hellenic pulse beating in the read-

will present the fight on canvas in all its disgusting, revolting and demoralizing detalls and.

Whereas, Such a reproduction will be as injurious to the morals of the people of the state as the prize fight itself; therefore:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the state of Illinois, represented in the general assembly, that it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to exhibit in this state by means of the biograph, kinetoscope or any kindred device or machine any picture of any prize fight, glove contest or other match between men or animals that is prohibited by the criminal code of this state.

Sec. 2. Any person, persons, or corporation who shall grant, lease, let or hire any theater, hall, room, building, roof garden or park for the exhibition of pictures such as are prohibited in section 1 of this act, shall be deemed gulity of a misdente or portion of the county jail or workhouse for not less than thirty days nor more than one within the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3. Whoever shall arsist or aid in any manner any person, persons or corporation in making exhibits of such pictures poration in making exhibits of such pictures. Sec. 3. Whoever shall assist or aid in any manner any person, persons or corporation in making exhibits of such pictures as are prohibited in section 1 of this act shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 for each offense and imprisonment in the county jall or workhouse not to exceed thirty days for each offense, within the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4. Whoever shall attend an exhibition of such pictures as are prohibited in section 1 of this act shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25, Sec. 5. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. Whereas, an emergency exists requiring this act be of immediate force and effect, therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Ilinguistic ground of literary Greece by the language of the Turks the Greek mind was as much opposed as its Christian conscience was the creed of Mohammed. So that from the time of the council of Florence, in the fifteenth century, down to Coray, at the date of the French revolution, through Trickella and Polylas and Roides, in our own times, we have an uninterrupted flow of living Greek. These being the facts that face, what possible reason, I ask, can there be for throwing an artificial hindrance in the way of our converse with this noble, self-sustaining people by treating their language in a purely bookish fashion, as if it were Syriac or Aramaic?"

Sixty years ago Athens lay in ruins; to-

Sixty years ago Athens lay in ruins; to day, as Prof. Blackie in true Scottish fashion says, it is "as large as Aberdeen." A local comparison might be that Athens has approximately about the population of Prov

Prof. Blackie describes some of the resons why, although Greece forms the living bridge between ancient and modern history she has not yet received the recognition from the intelligent which she so eminently deserves. The fear of Russia, the threat to England's commercial movements in the Mediterranean and to her imperial influence in the east, has been a moving cause Constantinople against the ever-watchful as the great actor and the great pugilist burglars of the north!"

Prof. Blackie finds some excuse for this attitude seventy-five years ago. "But times one of the hotels when Goodwin entered. have changed since then; we know now what the Greeks were who fought that noble battle; and our fathers have seen that merciless sweep of blood and butchery by which the Turks had they been allowed free scope by the European powers, would have exterminated the noble people to whom we owe the most valuable part of our spir-itual and intellectual heritage. For though Christianity was born in Judea, it grew up to manhood with the sway of the Greek tongue; and as for intellect, there is not a science of the most recent birth in modern Europe that does not bear the stamp of Greek thought and Greek expression on its forehead.'

The difficulty of traveling to Greece has een another reason for western lack of knowledge. Switzerland is more accessible if not more attractive; but Greece has now her 1,000 miles of railway, and "the most dainty tourist will understand how easy i is to jump into the train at Patras, and after in hour or two's rattle land at Olympia, the great center of Greek sympathies and of This has been done so readily since the

contestants went to Greece for the Olym-

plan games that all the world recognized now the ease of travel to the land of Leon idas. Of the rise of Athens Prof. Blackie says that it grew out of the patriotism of expatriated Greeks, waiting and working for the hour of national regeneration. and so numerous was the class of Greeksoutside of Greece bodily, but intensely beating with the warm pulses of patriotism -who from the moment of the publicly recognized independence of the fatherland coked to the ruins of Athens as the natural soil into which their liberal patriotism was to east the seed of a swift resurrection. Forthwith funds were supplied with which schools and colleges, museums and benevo-lent associations of all kinds were set in motion. So in the course of a half century a rotten old Turkish village rose into a and his brother Harry to the Orpheum. position of honorable rivalry with the fair est cities of western Europe." The beauty and significance of Athens, the increase of the production of corn, currants, wine and olives, but above all the increasing com-merce of Greece is set forth. Up to the date of Prof. Blackie's writing, just before his death in 1894, Greece had more than thirty years of comparative fair sailing after King George was given the throne. She is now in troublous waters, but her living speech is vital guaranty of her coming to the haven where she would be-of independence and recognized power.

And of this modern Greek speech as of the

Greek spirit Prof. Blackle warns students not to doubt. 'The few slight changes which differentiate the Greek of living Greek writens from the so-called classical Greek of the ancients are merely as the looping off of a few superfluous branches from a tree of exu-berant growth—a loss amply compensated by the daily addition of fresh branches from its own native root, a procedure diametrically opposed to the sewing together in a crude style of borrowed scraps and patches co characteristic of our English tongue. Lastly, let the young Hellenist who wishes to shake hands and hearts in a kindly human and noble Christian style with the living Greeks of today know by practice that living speech the ferry, many of the Olympic club members which he must learn. The living alliance of mind and ear and speech, acting on interesting objects in the immediate surrount ngs of the learner with daily practice, produce a more intimate familiarity with an foreign tongue in five months than will purely bookish regimen in as many year Books, though extremely useful is a subsidiary way to supply deficiencies of direct personal servation and experience, when sub stituted for these are unnatural and perni-cious; and their direct action as Plate taught long ago in the Phaedrus is to weaken the

> ce of a peeping eye." For Strengthening and Clearing the Voice, use Brown's Bronchial Troches-"I have commended them to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely servicable."-Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

memory, to dull the ear, and to change the music of sounding voice into the mute serv-

FIRST MESSENGER BOY.

Life Story Embracing the History of Telegraphy.

The life story of Marion H, Markle of Pittsburg is almost a history of telegraphy. He was the first telegraph messenger in

He was the first telegraph measunger in Pittsburg, relates the Pittsburg Dispatch, and for over fifty years has been in the employ of the Western Union company. He has been ill for three years, but was only critically sick during the last few weeks. His physicians say he cannot recover. His residence is 1615 Locust street.

Mr. Markle was born at West Newton in 1833, and moved with his parents to Warren, O., in 1846, and to Pittsburg six years later. He entered the service of the Atlantic and Ohio Telegraph company as the first messenger boy in December, 1846, when the first telegraph office was opened in Pittsburg. He was taken in by Hugh J. O'Reilly, who had charge of the construction of the line, The office was in the Olean building, at the site of the present English building, on Wood street, and was a very primitive one, having but a single wire David Brooks was then operator and manager, and James D. Reid was the superintendent, with headquarters in Philadeiphia.

In a few months young Markle became

Wood street, and was a very primitive one, having but a single wire. David Hrooks was then operator and manager and James D. Reid was the superintendent, with headquarters in Philadelphia.

In a few months young Markle became a fair operator himself, but left the services and entered the Western university. He was not there long until Manager Brooks persuaded him to go to Steubenville, where an office had just been opened. The position was to have been temporary, but no operator could be found to relieve Markle, and he was donled the opportunity of a college education, Mr. Markle remained in Steubenfille two years, where the business was directed by Edwin M. Stanton later secretary of war. From Steubenville Mr. Markle was appointed manager at Zanesville, where he remained two years, with the exception of two months in Cincinnati. Mr. Markle then returned to Pittsburg, and has remained there ever since.

In 1848 the last unmust message of President Polk was transmitted by telegraph, and was considered quite an undertaking at that time. One wire ran along the highway by way of Bedford, and there was no office between Pittsburg and that point. Mr. Markle was sent to Greenburg to open a test office on that night, and thenry Morgan was sent to Ligonier, The office at Greensburg was located in the house of exsenator Edgar Cowan, and when it became known there was an lastrument in town half the population turned out to see it. The message came through all right. While at Zanesville Mr. Markle was forced to tackle one of President Fillmore's annual messages. He received it entire on time, and was praised by the press generally as the office had been moved to Wood street and Third avenue. Anson Stager was the general superintendent, Thomas T. Ekert the district superintendent, and Edward H. Wright the manager of the Cincinnati & Louisville Telegraph company is the office, He was appointed superintendent of the United States Telegraph company, and in 18% died and was buried in St. Mary's centetery.

Mr. Markle was an int

Mr. Markle was an intimate acquaintance of these early promoters. Mr. Eckert became president and general manager of the Western Union. Albert O. Chandler, an associate, is president of the Postal Telegraph company, and James Compton. superintendent of telegraph at Nashville. Rufus Bullock ex-governor of Georgia, and Arthur Thomas, ex-governor of Utah, were friends of Mr. Markle in the primitive days, and the messenger boys who worked with him and rose to fame are Andrew Carnegle Henry W. Oliver, Robert Pitcairn, David McCargo and David Fieming. Many a tip was given by Mr. Markle to Herry oliver, then the poor messenger, now the millionaire ore and steel magnate, for carrying the market basket.

basket.

Mr. Markle was one of five operators who he'd out in the first strike of 1870 for thirteen days. The next strike occurred in 1883, and twelve operators, including some women, ran the office for thirty days. During Mr. Markle's service the Pittsburg office grew from one wire to 200 wires, reaching every part of the country, with 200 instruments.

ASTONISHED THE ROUNDERS.

How Nat Goodwin Bluffed the Ex-Champion of the World. When Sullivan was in his prime and was supposed to be the invincible champion of the universe, he came to Chicago to play an engagement, relates the Chicago Record, Nat, Goodwin was playing here at the same for that view of the Hellenic question which has said practically: "Let Greece perish, but let Turkey stand and hold the keys of mired Sullivan. He knew him very well,

> The usual circle of admirers were at a safe distance from the mighty warrior, admiring him in awe-stricken silence. Goodwin pretended not to recognize Sullivan. He rolled over to the bar and asked in a loud voice: Who is that big duffer? "Sh-h-! That's John L. Sullivan," said the

> bartender. "Well, what do I care?" demanded the actor, and with that he walked over and brushed against the fighter. Sullivan glared down at Goodwin and oared: "Say, who are you pushin'? "Oh, keep still, you big bluff," replied Goodwin.

Two or three of the spectators fainted, and others pushed forward to save the actor's life. Before they could interfere Goodwin was driving right and left at the "big fellow," who was backing away, apparently frightened out of his wits. Most of the peo-ple who had been looking on ran for their lives and never came back to find out that

t was all a joke. It is said that Goodwin made it a practice to assault Sullivan whenever he saw him, and the big fighter thought it was the funniest thing the comedian ever did.

## DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself While Using It,

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system becomes seriously effected, im-pairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit pairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the nervous system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent therin physician, who has used it in his private practice since 1872 without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure purmanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 16 per cent interest. "Itaco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure that curio without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke.

Sold by all drugglets with our ironclad guarantee at \$1.00 per box; three boxes, \$2.50, or sent Sold by all druggests with our frontial guar-antee at \$1.00 per box; three boxes, \$2.50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet, proofs and testimonials. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis. Haco-Curo is a vegetable antidote for nico-tine which positively counteracts the injurious effects of the narcotic to the nervous system.

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## SPECIAL NO TICES

COUNCIL BLUFFS WANTS.

DWELLINGS, FRUIT, FARM AND GARDEN lands for sale or rent. Day & Hess, 29 Pearl street.

f. P. O'KEEFE, REAL ESTATE AND INSUR-ance. Moved to room 5, Everett block FOR SALE-BARGAIN; MY MODERN BRICK residence, 625 5th ave., on motor line, near Bisters' school; also other bargains. J. R. Davidson.

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH, MY RESI-dence property, 725 Madison ave. G. C. Taylor. FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, 729 IST AVE.